International Certification & Reciprocity Consortium (IC&RC) Prevention Specialist Domains

Updated 10/2022

DOMAINS

- 1. Planning and Evaluation
- 2. Prevention Education and Service Delivery
- 3. Communication
- 4. Community Organization
- 5. Public Policy and Environmental Change
- 6. Professional Growth and Responsibility

Domain 1: Planning and Evaluation

- A. Conduct a community-level needs assessment
 - 1. Community characteristics
 - 2. Problem identification
 - 3. Community readiness assessment
 - 4. Community resources and resource gaps
 - 5. Basic terms in epidemiology
- B. Determine priorities based on comprehensive community assessment.
 - 1. Focus population
 - 2. Problem prioritization strategies
 - 3. Shared risk and protective factors among physical health, substance use/misuse/misuse, and other behavioral health disorders

C. Conduct information gathering and data review/interpretation

- 1. Information gathering techniques
- 2. Data literacy
- D. Utilize prevention theory
 - 1. Health disparities
 - 2. Social determinants of health and mental health
 - 3. Continuum of care
 - 4. Risk and Protective Factors Theory
 - 5. Public health approach
 - 6. Theory of Change
 - 7. Human developmental theories
- E. Develop a comprehensive prevention plan
 - 1. Logic models as a planning and evaluation tool

- 2. Evidence-based prevention interventions
- 3. Work plans
- 4. Sustainability strategies
- F. Identify prevention program evaluation strategies.
 - 1. Evaluation instruments/models
 - 2. Validity and reliability of evaluation instruments/models
 - 3. Interpretation and application
- G. Conduct evaluation activities and identify opportunities to improve outcomes.
 - 1. Program fidelity assessment
 - 2. Adaptation evaluation
 - 3. Process and outcomes
- H. Utilize strategies to enhance sustainability of prevention program outcomes.
 - 1. Community capacity building
 - 2. Grant research and writing
 - 3. Data reporting
 - 4. Community ownership
 - 5. Resource assessment and development

Domain 2: Prevention Education and Service Delivery

- A. Coordinate prevention activities
 - 1. Group processes
 - 2. Training techniques
 - 3. Interagency dynamics/power relationships/reciprocity
 - 4. Sustainable relationships and alliances
 - 5. Engagement strategies
 - 6. Existing community structures and norms
 - 7. Involvement of diverse populations
 - 8. Equitable access
- B. Implement prevention education and skill development activities
 - 1. Learning styles, instructional strategies, and presentation methods
 - 2. Curriculum training
- C. Utilize strategies for maintaining program fidelity
 - 1. Principles of and guidelines for fidelity and adaptation
 - 2. Instructional materials modification
 - 3. Core component maintenance

Domain 3: Communication

- A. Demonstrate methods for promoting the science of prevention
 - 1. Interactions and strategies with the media and public
 - 2. Media literacy, media advocacy, and social marketing
- B. Utilize marketing techniques for prevention programs
 - 1. Effective marketing strategies and impact
 - 2. Communication models
- C. Apply principles of effective listening
 - 1. Active listening
 - 2. Interviewing techniques
- D. Apply principles of public speaking
 - 1. Logical presentation, organization, and key points
 - 2. Storytelling, use of examples, and building rapport
 - 3. Strategies to promote discussion
 - 4. Visual aids and other presentation resources
- E. Employ effective facilitation skills.
 - 1. Audience characteristics
 - 2. Meeting agenda and action items
 - 3. Professional behaviors and communication skills
 - 4. Safe/inclusive spaces and conflict management
 - 5. Time management
- F. Demonstrate interpersonal communication competency.
 - 1. Written and interpersonal communication skills
 - 2. Networking and community outreach

Domain 4: Community Organization

- A. Identify community demographics and norms
- B. Utilize strategies to recruit and engage a diverse group of stakeholders
 - 1. Community sector representation and perspectives
 - 2. Current and emerging community leaders/influencers
- C. Utilize strategies to build community ownership and provide technical assistance
 - 1. Community engagement strategies
 - 2. Capacity-building strategies
 - 3. Roles in community ownership

- 4. Shared leadership
- 5. Patterns of group and organizational communication
- 6. strategies for empowering community members
- 7. Advocacy strategies
- 8. Training and mentoring community members
- 9. Coalition development and sustainability
- 10. Strategic planning activities
- 11. Education resources for community members

D. Utilize negotiation and collaboration strategies to build and sustain alliances with other service providers

- 1. Formal agreements
- 2. Referrals

E. Integrate prevention strategies into physical and behavioral health planning and activities

- 1. Global behavioral health systems and their strategic goals
- 2. Prevention participation in related health initiatives
- 3. Behavioral health epidemiology
- 4. Spectrum of behavioral health services

Domain 5: Public Policy and Environmental Change

- A. Utilize strategies and resources to promote environmental change
 - 1. Evidence-based environmental strategies and policies
 - 2. Education of decision makers
- B. Demonstrate advocacy skills in public health promotion and prevention
 - 1. Political processes
 - 2. Difference between lobbying and advocacy
 - 3. Public policy development and advocacy for healthy and safe communities
 - 4. Change agents and policy makers
 - 5. Negotiations
 - 6. Social justice

Domain 6: Professional Growth and Responsibility

- A. Demonstrate adherence to legal, professional, and ethical principles
 - 1. Prevention Code of Ethics
 - 2. Ethical use of funds
 - 3. Conflicts of interest
 - 4. Confidentiality
 - 5. Mandated abuse and neglect reporting
 - 6. Recipient rights and informed consent
 - 7. Copyright laws and reference procedures
 - 8. Strategies to ensure the safety of program participants

- 9. Prevention professional scope of practice
- 10. Ethical fundraising
- 11. Ethical use of social media and technology
- B. Incorporate cultural responsiveness and health equity into prevention processes
 - 1. Culturally responsive organizational structures
 - 2. Focus population inclusion
- C. Demonstrate healthy behaviors and self-care
 - 1. Community resources that support health and well-being
 - 2. Healthy living strategies and wellness promotion
 - 3. Conflict resolution and stress management strategies
 - 4. Seeking and utilizing support from peers
 - 5. Recognition of personal limitations

D. Recognize importance of participation in professional associations

- 1. Professional associations and organizations related to behavioral health
- 2. Networking and relationship building
- E. Demonstrate knowledge of the science of substance use/misuse disorders
 - 1. Biases, beliefs, and cultural assumptions related to substance use/misuse
 - 2. Signs, symptoms, and progressive stages of substance use/misuse disorders
 - 3. Family dynamics
 - 4. Effects of drugs on the brain and the body
 - 5. Prevention within a recovery-oriented system of care
 - 6. Co-occurring disorders
 - 7. Brief intervention and referral
 - 8. Harm reduction

F. Demonstrate knowledge of mental, emotional, and behavioral health issues

- 1. Effects of mental, emotional, and behavioral health on the family
- 2. Biases, beliefs, and cultural assumptions related to mental health
- 3. Signs and symptoms of behavioral health conditions/disorders
- 4. Trauma-informed lens
- G. Prepare and maintain reports, records, and documents
 - 1. Fiscal responsibility
 - 2. Grant compliance
 - 3. Best practices in documentation